

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

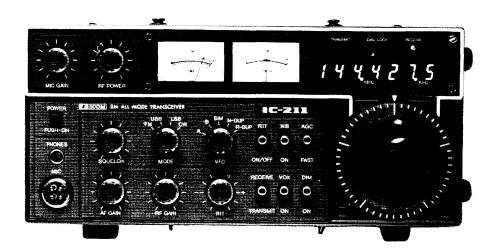




TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	SPECIFICATIONS	2
11.	DESCRIPTION	4
111.	INSTALLATION	5
IV.	CONTROL FUNCTIONS	8
٧.	OPERATION	15
VI.	INSIDE VIEW	25
VII.	THEORY OF OPERATION	27
VIII.	TROUBLE SHOOTING	43
IX.	BLOCK DIAGRAM	46
X.	OPTION 4	48
XI.	P.C. BOARD LAYOUT SEPARAT	ΓΕ
XII	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM SEPARAT	ГΕ

SECTION I SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL

92 Number of semi-conductors : Transistors **FET** 15

IC 32 92 Diode

: 144.000 ~ 147.995MHz Frequency coverage

Frequency resolution 144.0000 ~ 145.9999MHz : SSB, CW 100Hz steps

> FM 5KHz steps

 $146.000 \sim 147.995 MHz$: 5KHz steps

Frequency Control : LSI based 100Hz step Digital PLL synthesizer.

Independent Transmit-Receive Frequency Capability

7 digit LED 100Hz readout. Frequency Readout

: Within ± 1.5 KHz under temperature range of -10° C $\sim +60^{\circ}$ C Frequency stability

50 ohms unbalanced Antenna impedance

Power supply requirement : 13.8V DC ±15% (negative ground) or 117V AC 50/60Hz ±10%

Current drain (at 13.8V DC) Transmitting

> SSB (PEP 10W) 3.0A Approx. 3.3A-CW, FM (10W) Approx. FM (1W) 1.8A Approx.

Receiving

1.1A At max audio output Approx. 0.9A

Squelched Approx.

: 111mm (H) x 241mm (W) x 264mm (D) **Dimensions**

Weight : Approx. 6.1Kgs

TRANSMITTER

SSB 10W (PEP) Output power

> CW 10W

FM $1W \sim 10W$

: SSB (A3J, USB/LSB), CW (A1), FM (F3) **Emission** mode SSB Balanced modulation

Modulation system FM Variable reactance frequency modulation

+5KHz Max. frequency deviation

Spurious emission More than 60dB below peak power output Carrier Suppression : More than 40dB below peak power output Unwanted Sideband More than 40dB down at 1000Hz AF input

: Impedance 600 ohms Microphone

Input Level 10 millivolts typical

Dynamic or Electret Condenser Microphone

RECEIVER

Receiving system : SSB, CW Single conversion superheterodyne

FM Double conversion superheterodyne

Receiving Mode : SSB (A3J, USB/LSB), CW (A1), FM (F3)

Intermediate Frequency : SSB, CW 10.7MHz FM 10.7MHz, 455KHz

Sensitivity : SSB, CW Less than 0.5 microvolts for 10dB S+N/N

FM More than 30dB S+N+D/N+D at 1 microvolt

Less than 0.6 microvolts for 20dB Noise quieting

Squelch sensitivity (FM only) : Less than 0.4 microvolts

Spurious response rejection ratio : More than 60dB

Selectivity : SSB, CW More than ±1.2KHz at -6dB point

Less than ±2.4KHz at -60dB point

FM More than ±7.5KHz at —6dB point

Less than ±15KHz at -60dB point

Audio output power : More than 1.5W

Audio output impedance : 8 ohms



SECTION II DESCRIPTION

MULTI-MODE 2 METER TRANSCEIVER

The IC-211 provides FM, USB, LSB, CW coverage in the 144 \sim 148MHz frequency range. Thus the IC-211 can be used for DX, local calls, and satellite work.

COMPUTER COMPATIBLE TUNING SYSTEM

The local oscillator circuit (VFO) employs a C-MOS LSI for the PLL that has been custom-made on the basis of ICOM's advanced digital technology. The VFO circuit is a digital PLL circuit that controls frequency determination by pulses produced by the tuning control. Unlike conventional PLLs, it controls the VCO by combining and dividing crystal oscillator frequencies. Therefore, its stability is much higher than conventional VFOs. In addition, the pulse control system makes it possible to set and change frequencies with external digital signals.

With a computer programmed and connected to the rear accessory socket, you can easily control frequencies, memorize, and scan, on the IC-211. This system will give you the maximum of performance and versatility.

DUAL VFO'S

Two separate VFO's can be used either independently or together for simplex operation, and any desired frequency split in duplex operation.

CONTINUOUS TUNING SYSTEM

ICOM's new continuous tuning system features an LED display that follows the tuning knob movement and provides an extremely accurate readout. Frequencies are displayed in 7 LED digits representing 100MHz to 100Hz digits.

Automatic recycling restarts tuning at the top of the band, ie., 147.995MHz when the dial goes below 144.000MHz. Recycling changes 147.995MHz to 144.000MHz as well. Quick tuning in 5KHz steps is available, and fine tuning in 100Hz steps is provided for trouble free QSO.

OUTSTANDING PERFORMANCE

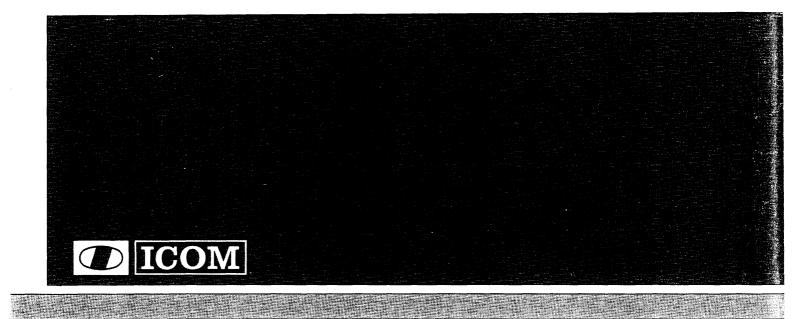
The RF amplifier and first mixer circuits using MOS FETs, and other circuits provide excellent Cross Modulation and Two-Signal Selectivity characteristics. The IC-211 has excellent sensitivity demanded especially for mobile operation, high stability, and with two Crystal Filters having high shape factors, exceptional selectivity.

The transmitter uses a balanced mixer in a single conversion system, a band-pass filter and a high-performance low-pass filter. This system provides distortion-free signals with a minimum spurious radiation level.

ADDITIONAL CIRCUITS

The IC-211 has a built-in Noise Blanker, VOX, a Dimmer switch for control of the readout and meter illumination, CW Monitor, APC, SWR detector, and many other circuits for your convenience.

The IC-211 has everything you need to really enjoy VHF operation, in an extremely compact, rugged transceiver.



ICOM INCORPORATED

1-6-19, KAMI KURATSUKURI, HIRANO-KU, OSAKA JAPAN